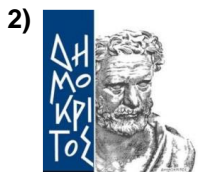




Characterization of the neutron field for streaming analyses in TT operations at JET

Igor Lengar¹, Theodora Vasilopoulou², Mariusz Kłosowski³,
Rosaria Villari⁴, Bor Kos^{1,5*}, Aljaž Čufar¹, Domen Kotnik^{1,6},
Luka Snoj^{1,6} and JET contributors^{**}

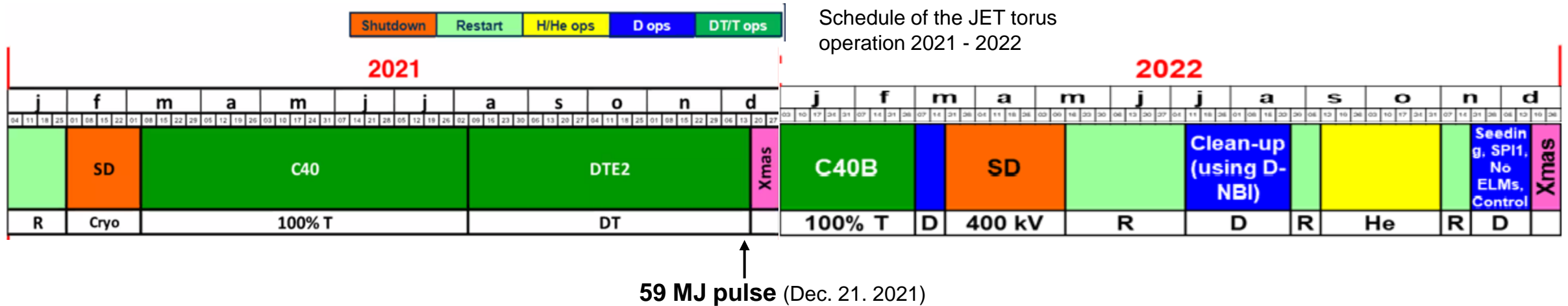


This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium, funded by the European Union via the Euratom Research and Training Programme (Grant Agreement No 101052200 — EUROfusion). Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the European Commission can be held responsible for them.

Unique tritium campaign at JET



- Joint European Torus (JET) operated with a deuterium-tritium (DT) plasma in 2021/2022 - campaign DTE2
 - Only JET (1997, 2021) and TFTR (1994-96) capable of operation with deuterium/tritium

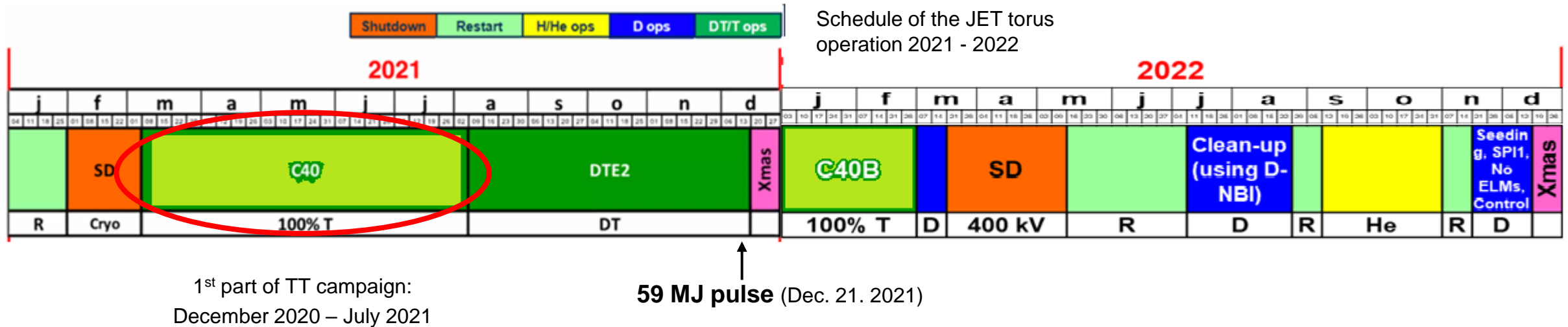


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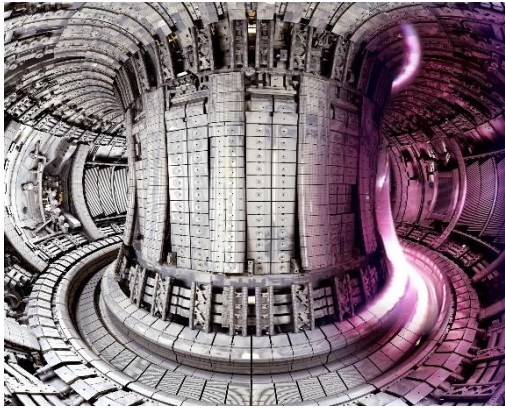
- Only JET (1997, 2021) and TFTR (1994-96) capable of operation with deuterium/tritium



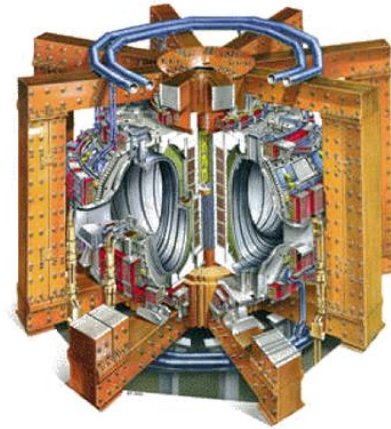
- The campaign included also longer periods of operation with a tritium (TT) plasma

- DT plasma – T:D ~ 50:50, large neutron yields
- T plasma – T:D ~ 99:1, very interesting from physics point of view

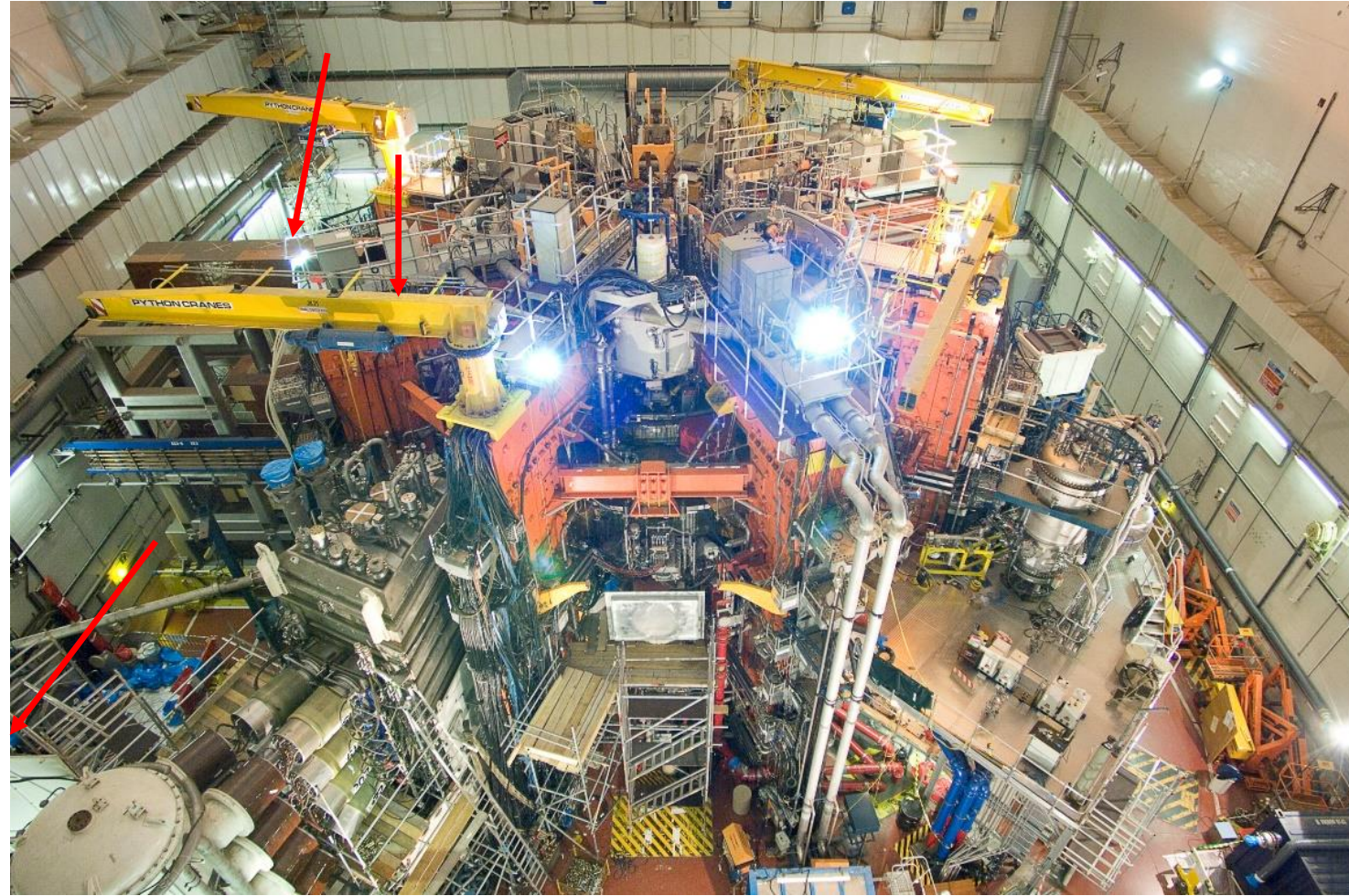
Neutron streaming



Interior of JET
Origin of neutrons



JET machine



Exterior of JET

- Complex paths for neutrons when streaming to exterior of the torus
- **Benchmark evaluation** – comparison of calculations with experiments



- Detectors inside polyethylene moderators



- Thermoluminescent detectors (MCP-N and MCP-7)

- measurements by IFJ Kraków, Poland
- 11 detector positions



- Activation foils (Co, Ta, Ag)

- measurements by NCSR Demokritos, Greece
- 6 detector positions



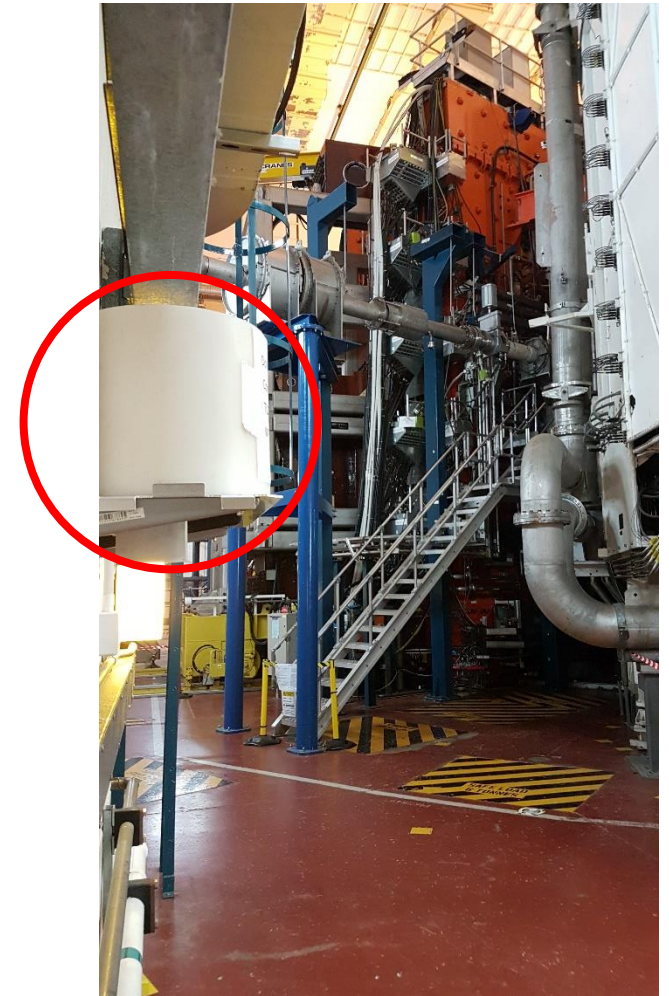
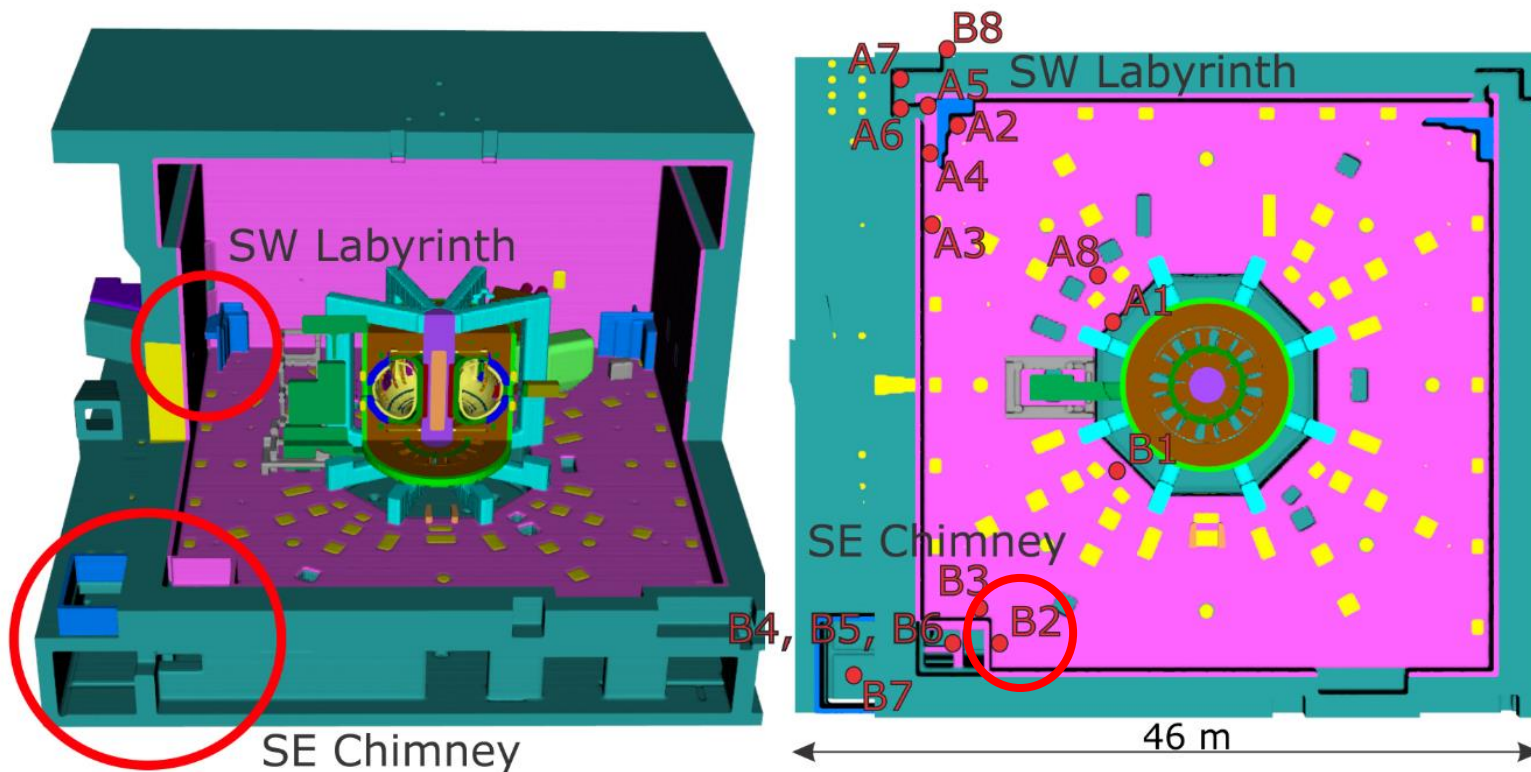
- Calculations performed by JSI, ORNL, UKAEA





Positions of detectors

- Detector positions up to 40 m from plasma
- Some behind torus hall walls



Positions of detectors



Torus hall wall



Shielded labyrinth

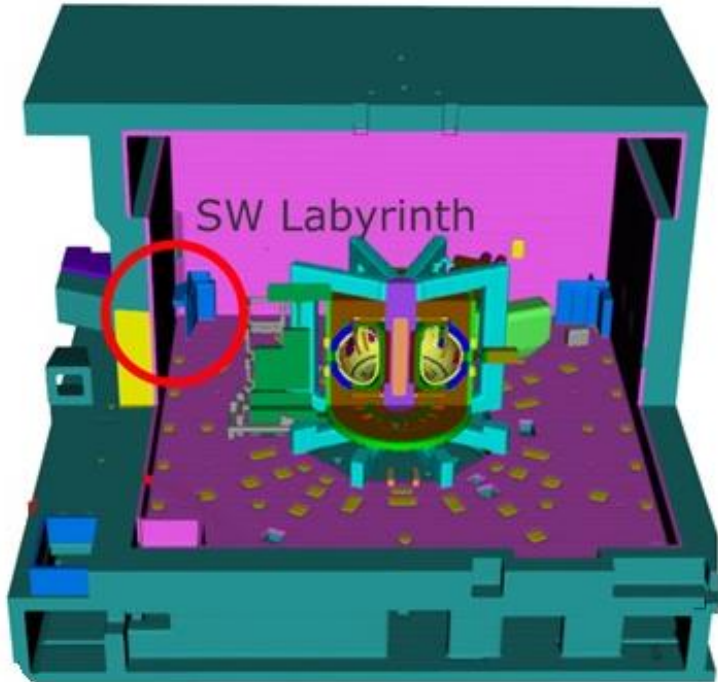
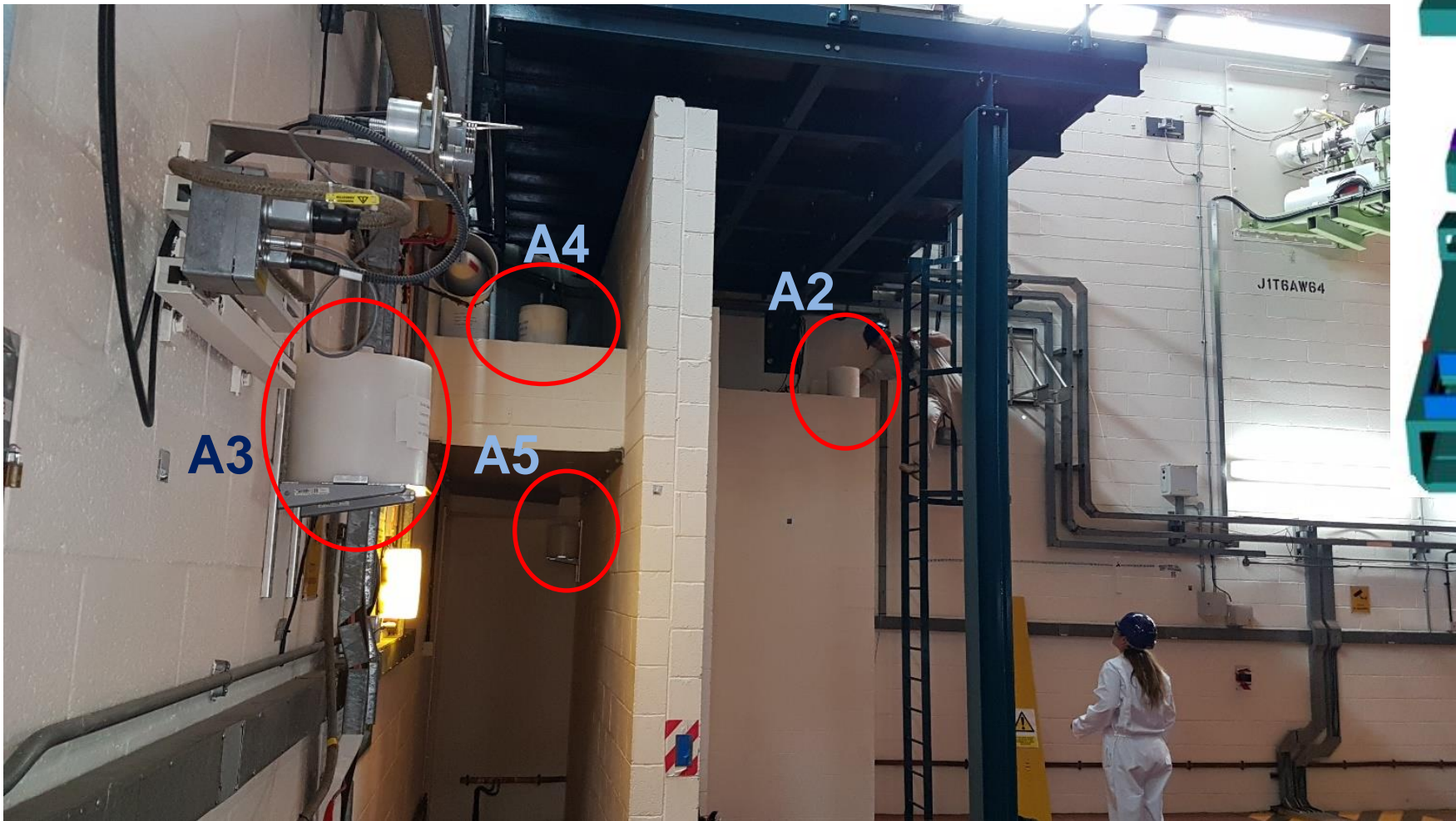


Basement, level below torus



Close to vacuum vessel

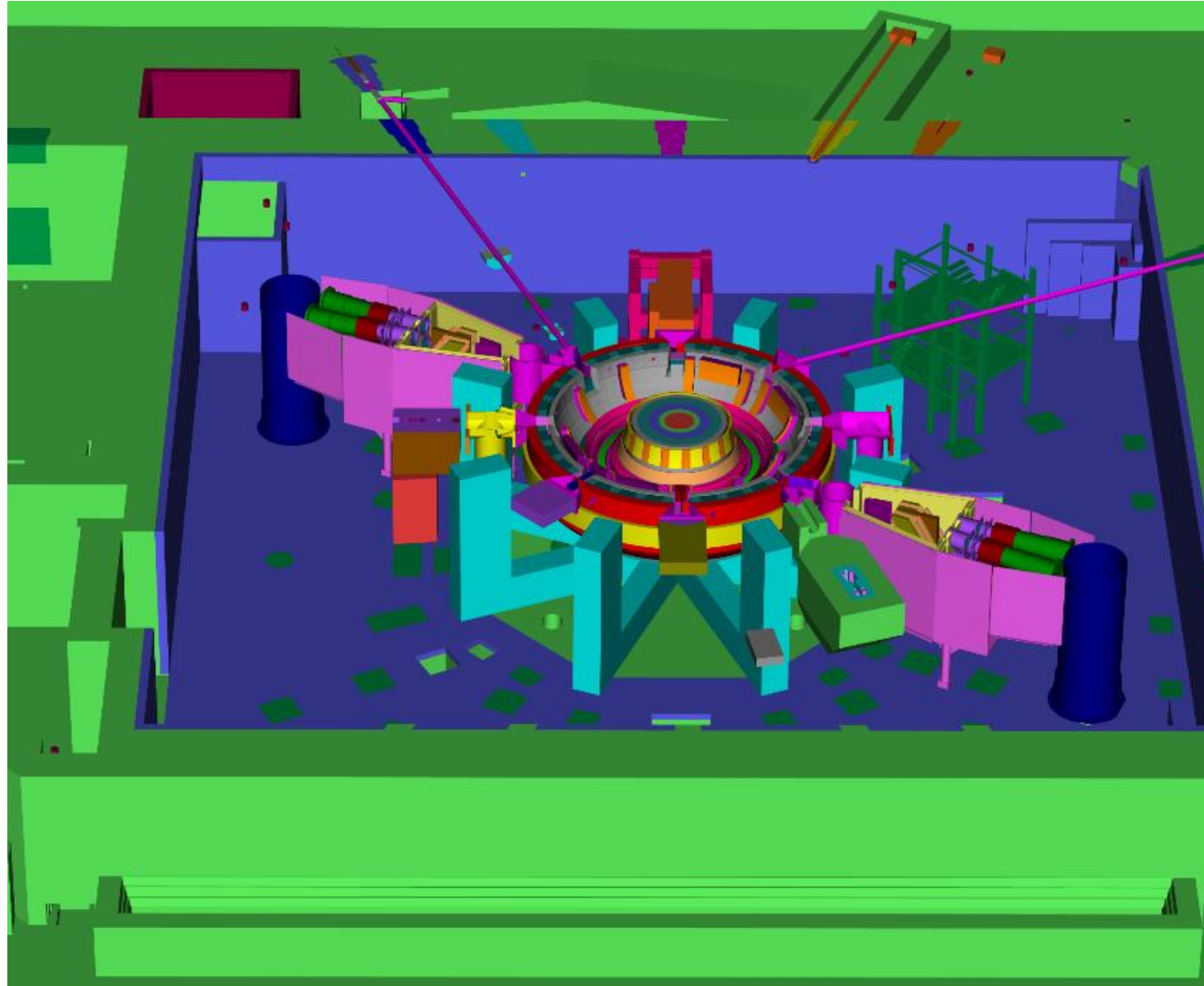
Positions of detectors



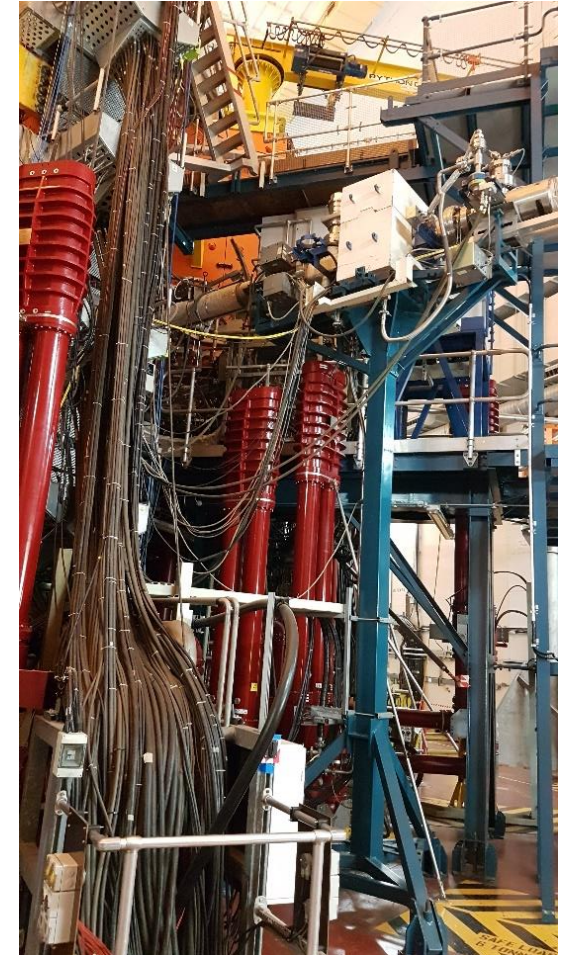


Computational model

JET models constantly developed and upgraded



Cross section through computational (MCNP) model



All details not explicitly modelled
Approximation and homogenisation of small components

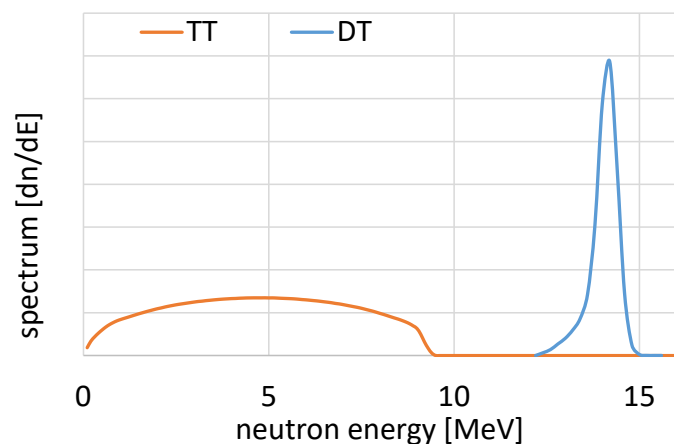
Plasma neutron source in tritium campaign



Source during tritium campaign a combination from neutrons

- $T + T \rightarrow {}^4\text{He} + 2 \cdot n$
- $D + T \rightarrow {}^4\text{He} + n$

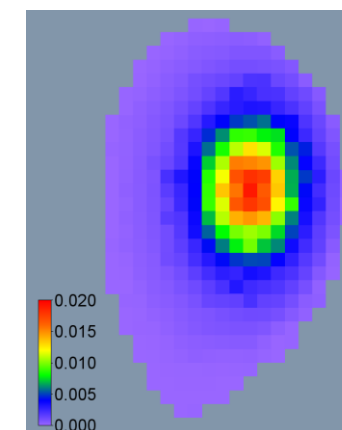
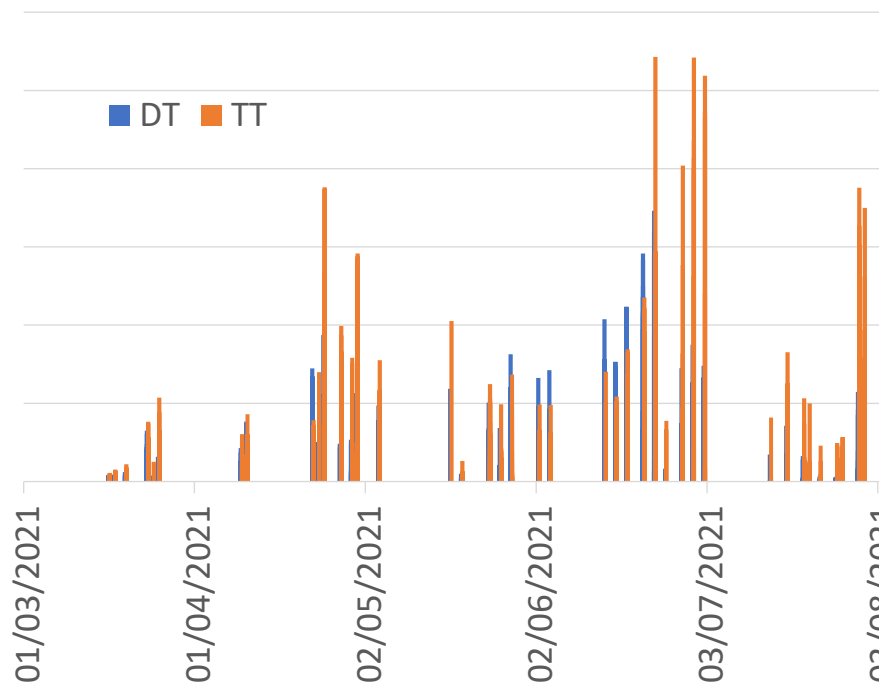
Source spectrum in TT operation
presence of ~1% D neutrons in plasma



Neutron yield

TT	DT
59,6 %	40,4 %
5,1E+18 neutrons	3,4E+18 neutrons
$E_{\text{mean}} = 5 \text{ MeV}$	$E_{\text{mean}} = 14.1 \text{ MeV}$

Neutron yields during the JET 2021 TT campaign

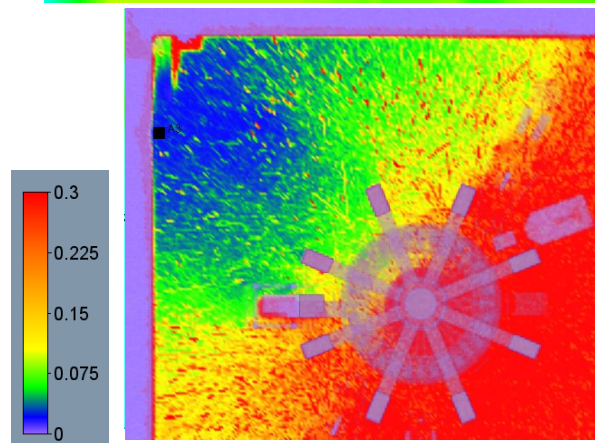
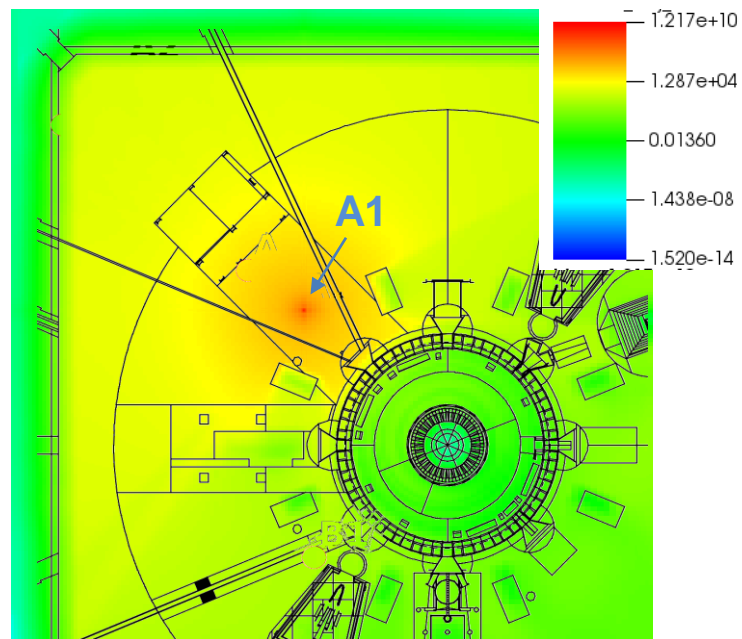


spatial source distribution
The same for TT and DT
Circular symmetric

Two step calculations

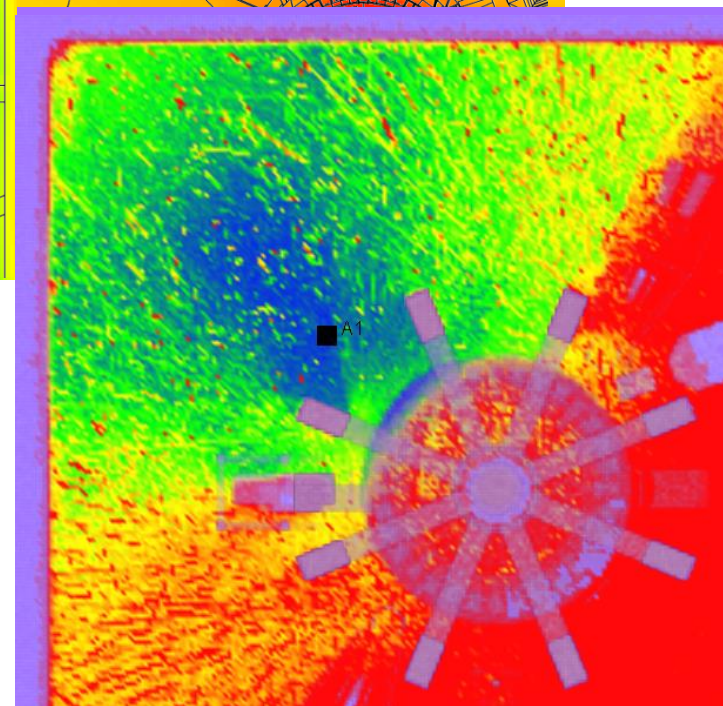
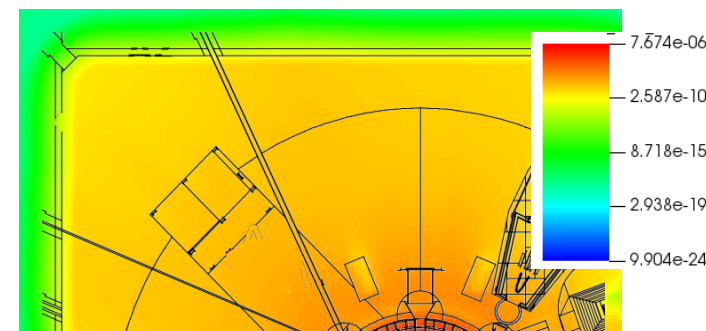


ADVANTG – deterministic calculation of variance reduction parameters



Relative error

Secondary flux calculation with Monte Carlo

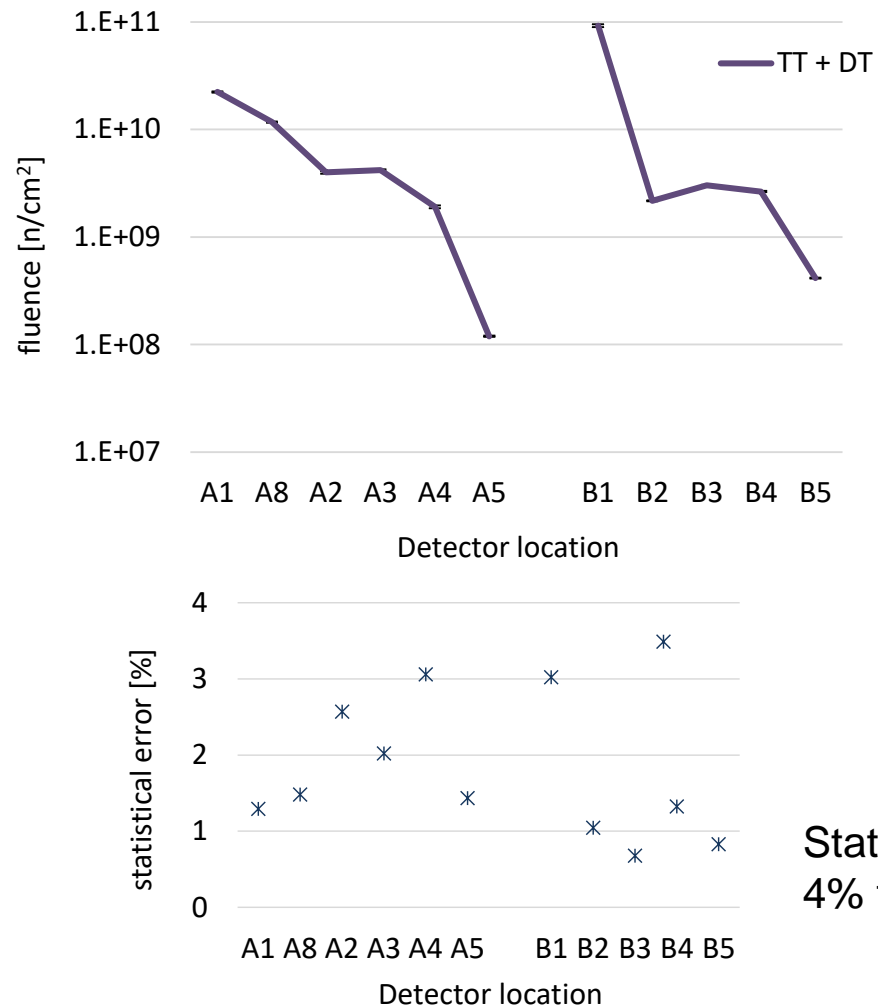


Relative error of results

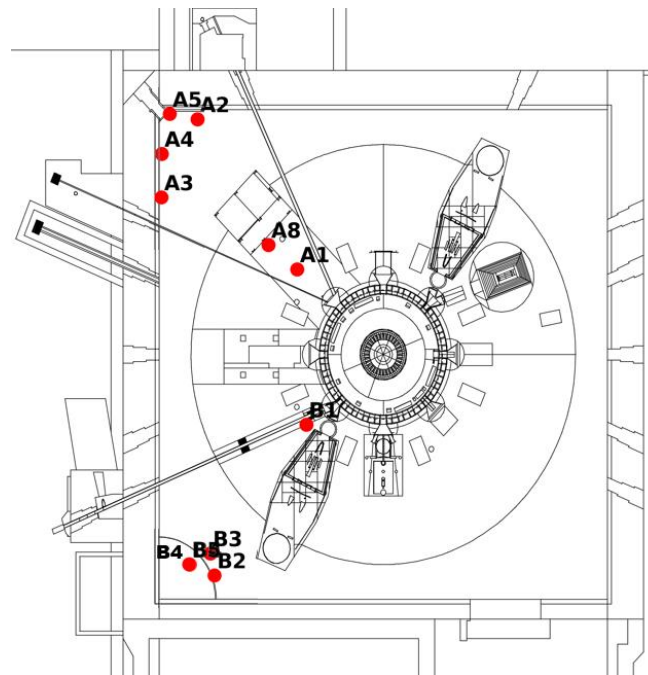
Neutron fluxes – TLD detectors



Results of calculations for neutron fluxes



Statistical uncertainties below 4% for all positions

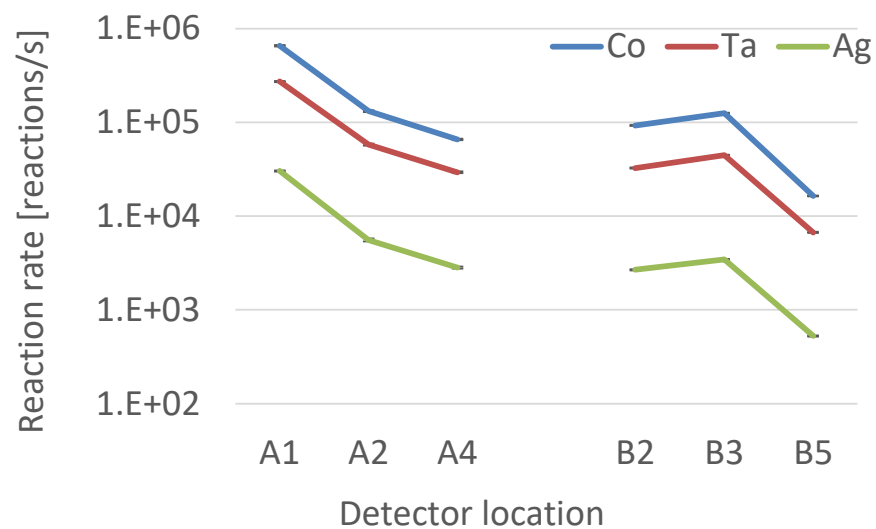


A2 location

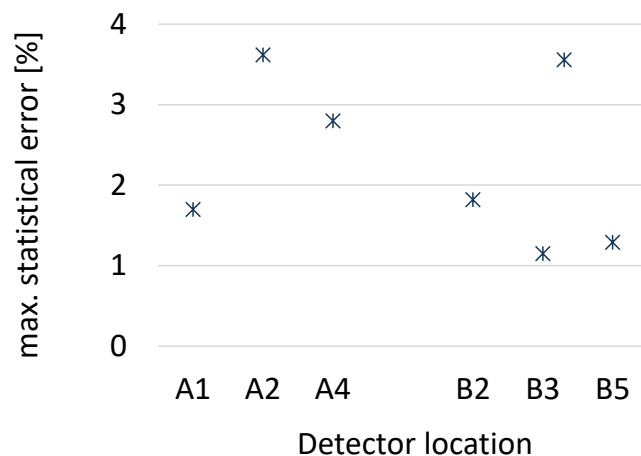
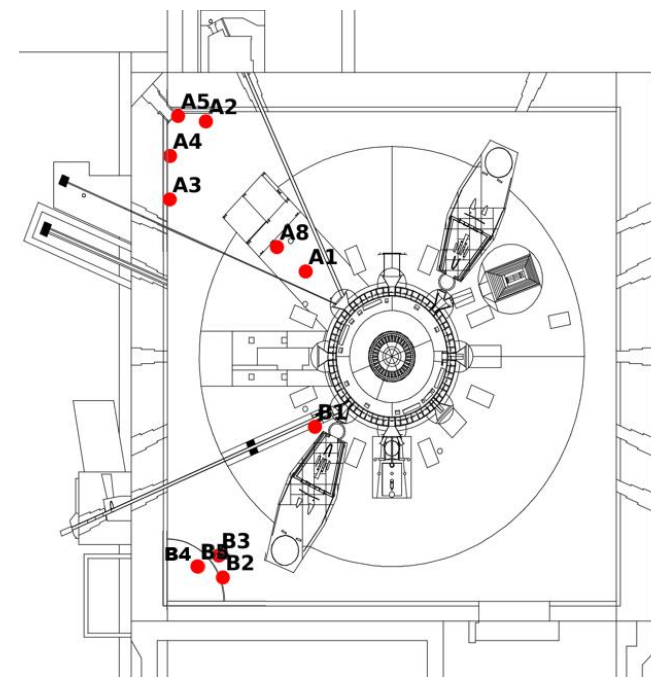
Reaction rates – activation detectors



Calculations of reaction rates for selected activation materials and neutron fluxes



$^{59}\text{Co}(n,\gamma)^{60}\text{Co}$
 $^{181}\text{Ta}(n,\gamma)^{181}\text{Ta}$
 $^{109}\text{Ag}(n,\gamma)^{110\text{m}}\text{Ag}$



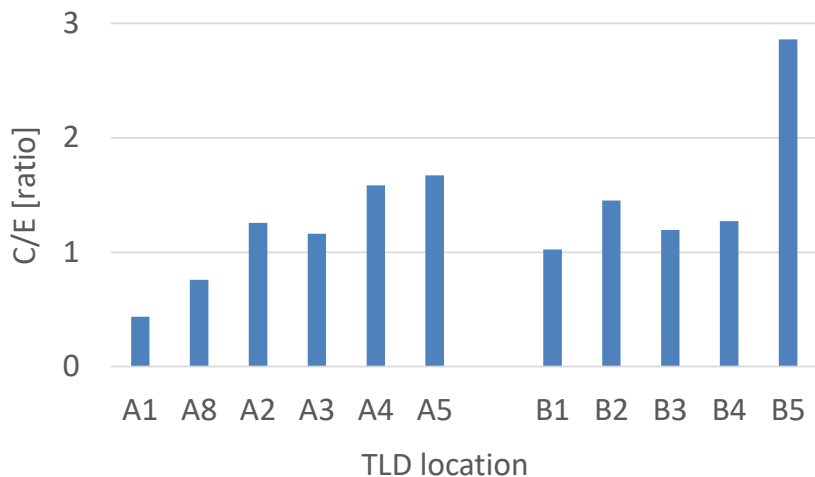
Statistical uncertainties below 4% for all positions

Comparison with experimental results

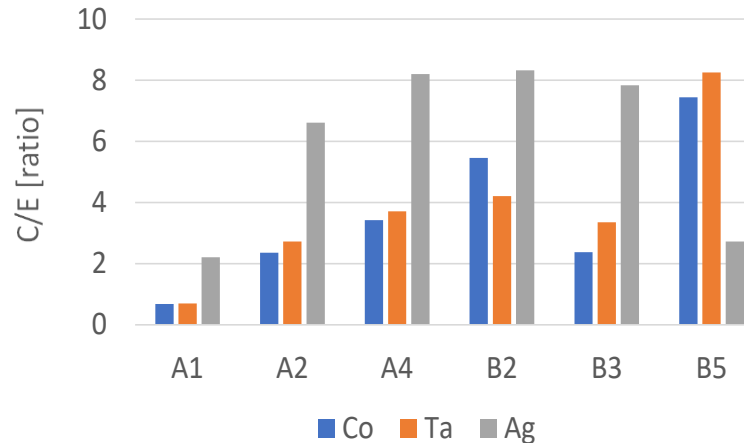


Experimental results provided in frame of another work
Details are presented separately

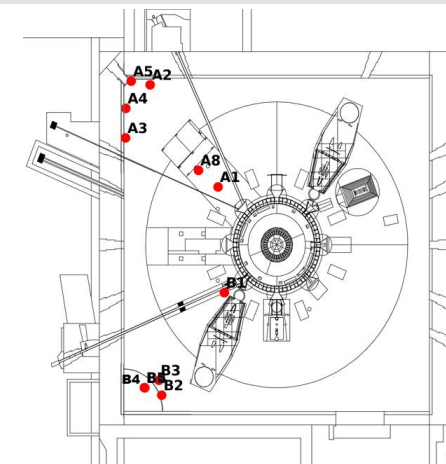
Comparison of **C/E (calculations / experiment)** for available data



Thermoluminescent detectors - TLDs

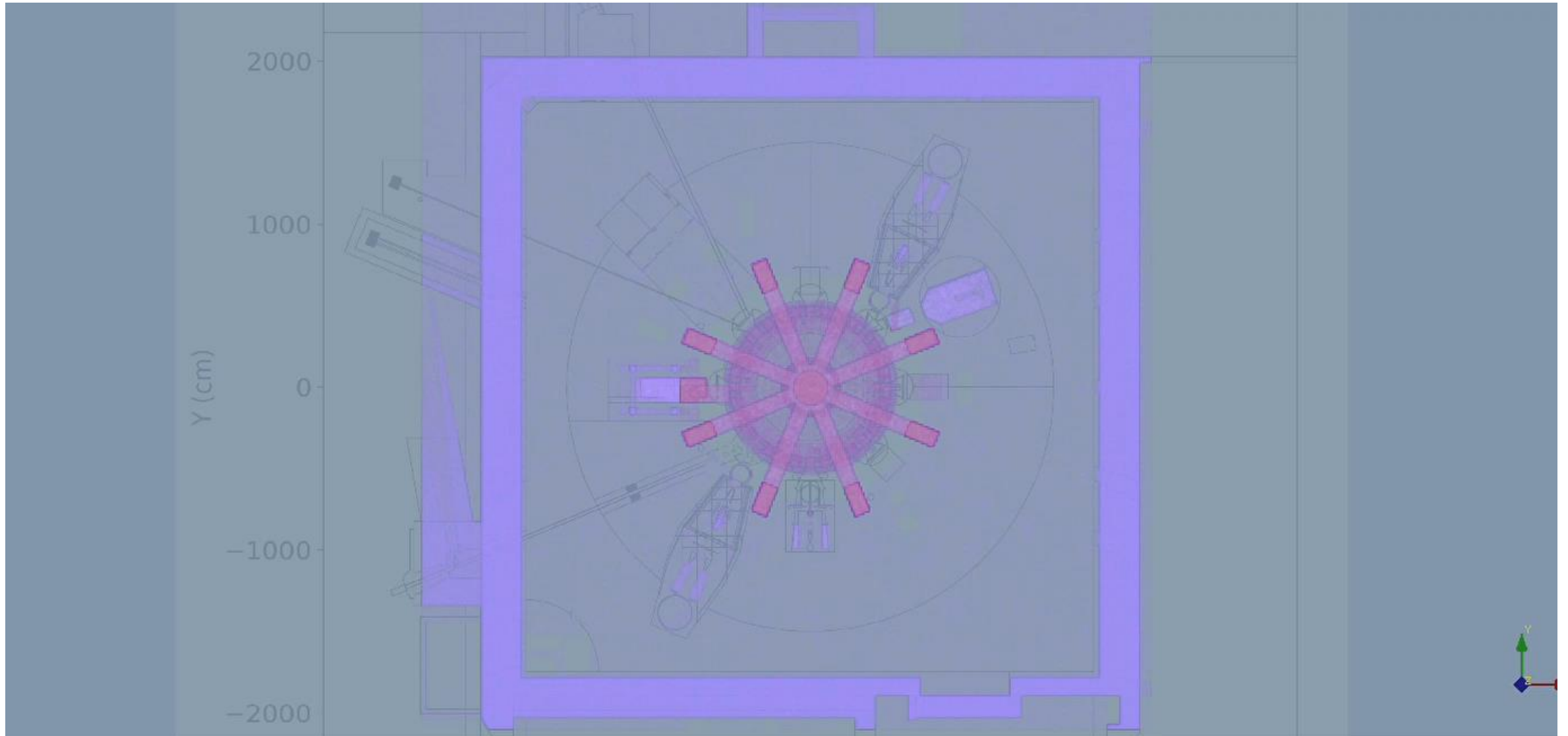


Activation foils reaction rates for reactions on Co, Ta, Ag

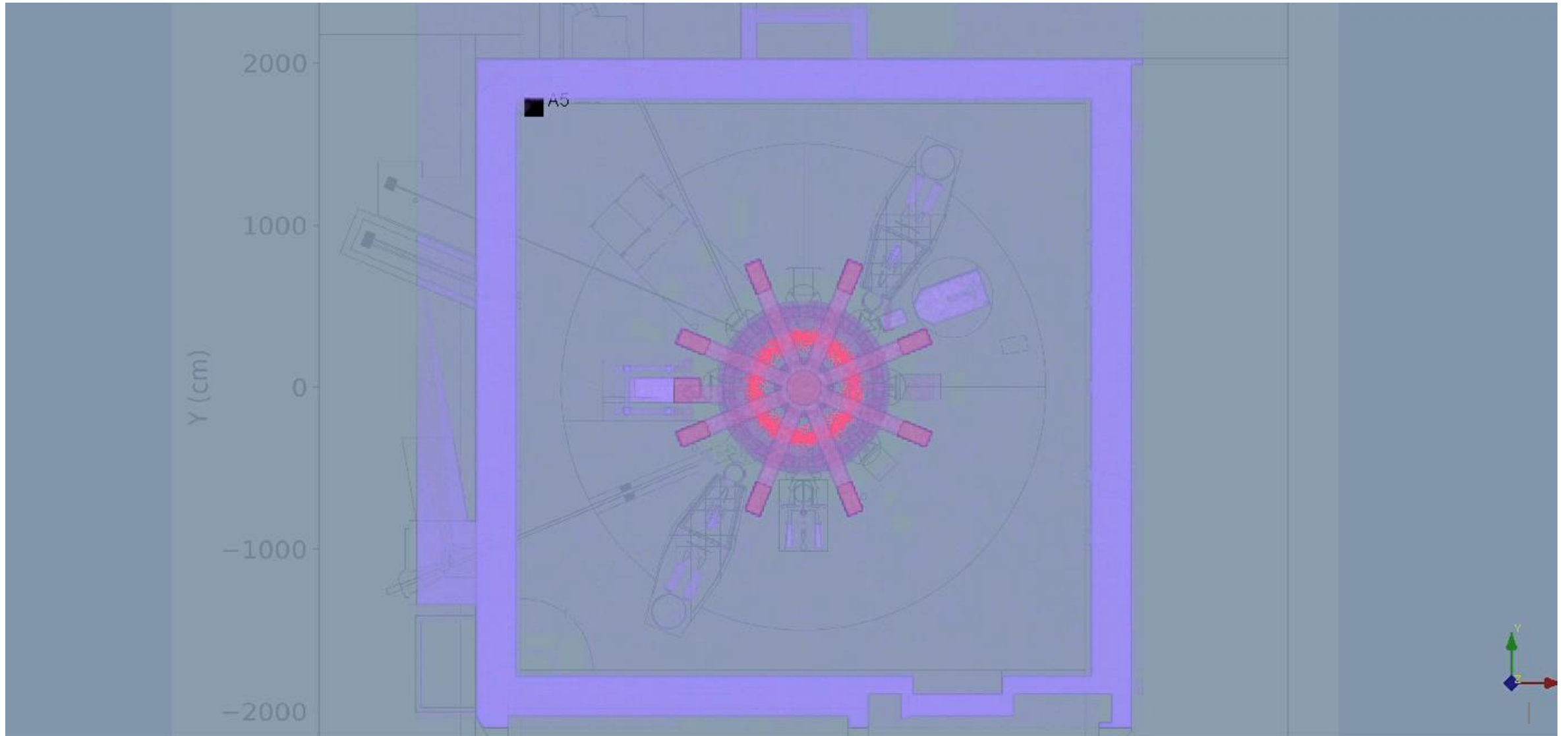


The TT results in better agreement with experiments as
the 2020 DD campaign results

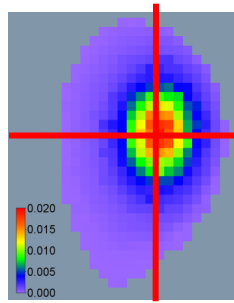
Analyses of neutron paths



Analyses of neutron paths

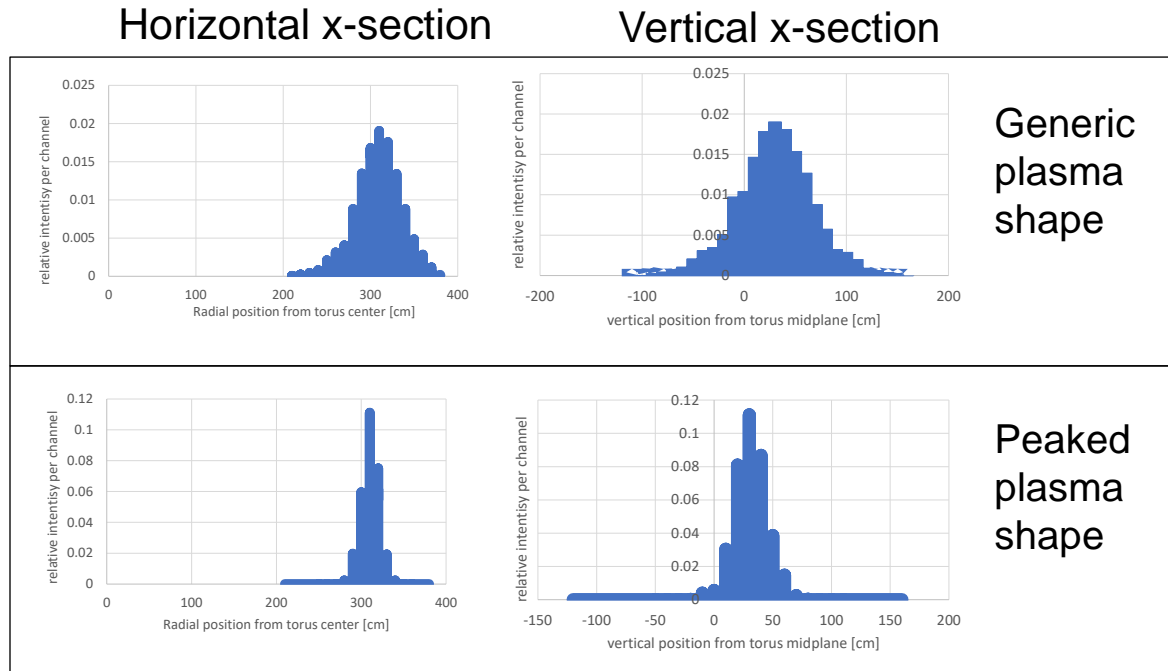


Sensitivity to plasma source distribution

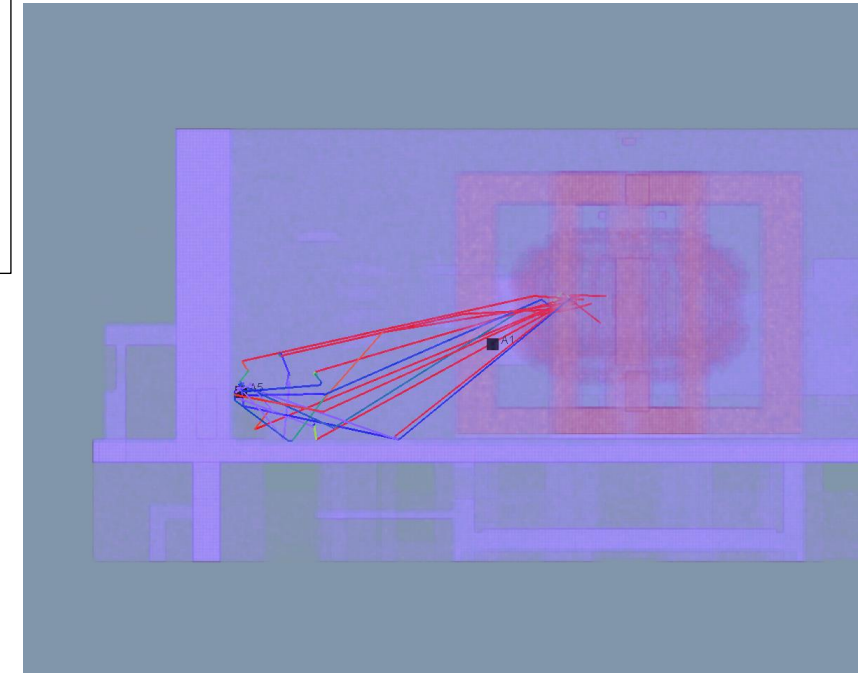
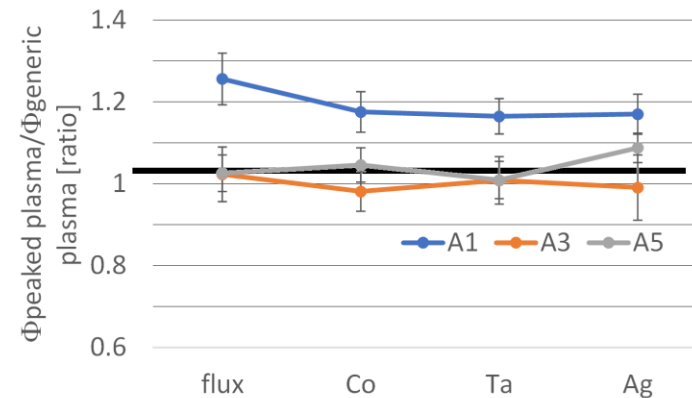


Horizontal x-section

Vertical x-section



Different plasma scenarios result in different plasma shapes
Study of plasma shape on response



Detectors at locations close to plasma sensitive to plasma shape, remote locations not

Conclusions

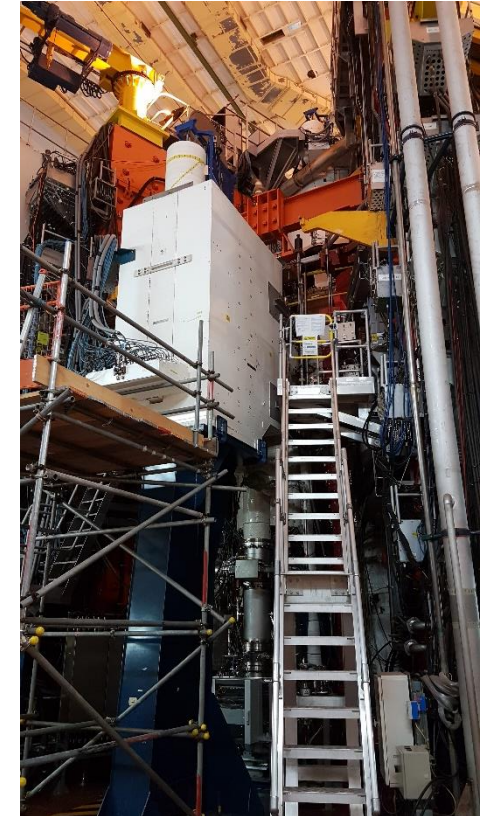


JET is a very valuable machine to compare calculations to experimental results in DD, DT and TT plasmas

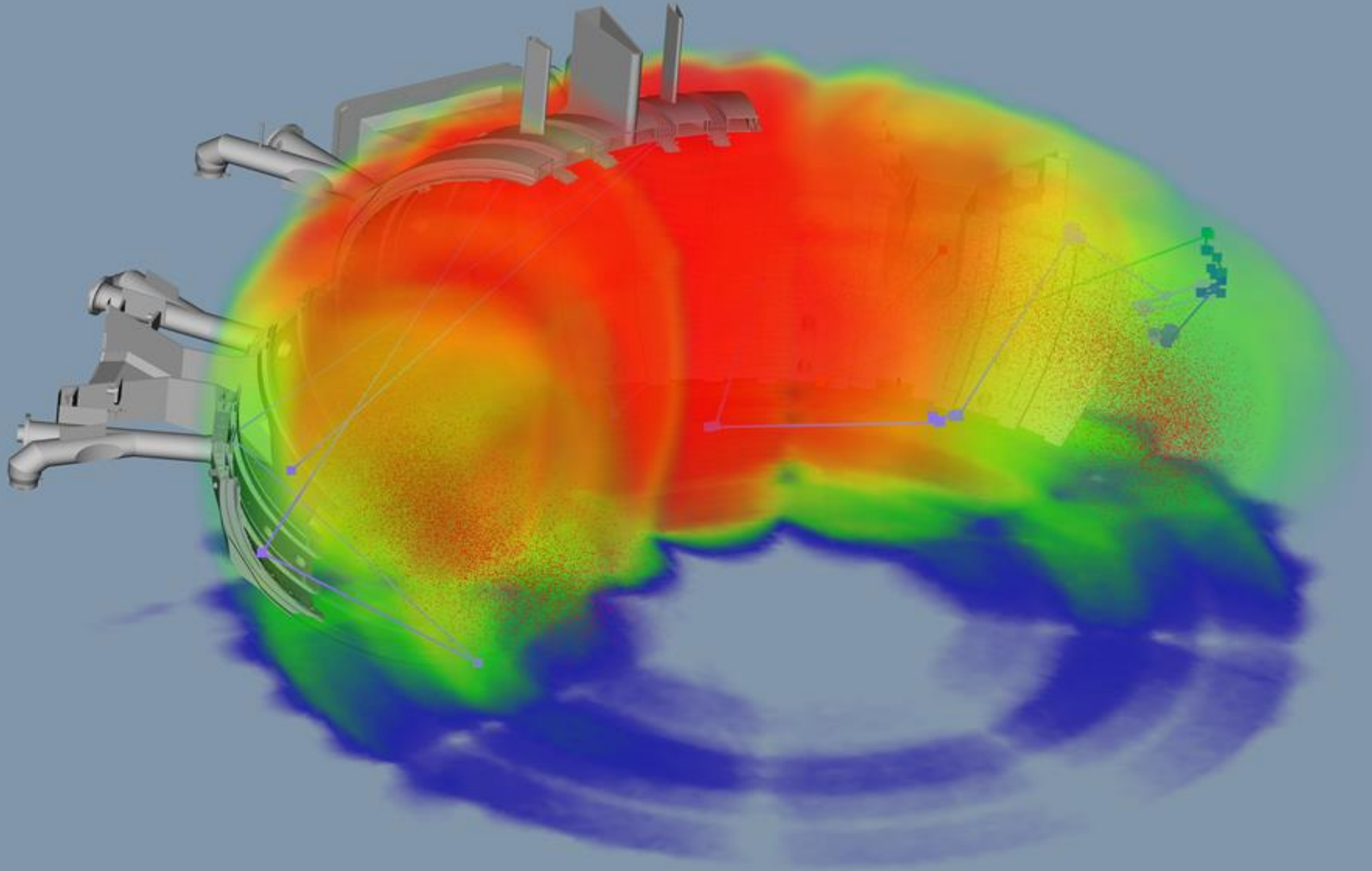
Experimental data gathered during unique Tritium campaign in 2021, part of the DTE2 campaign

Benchmark evaluation of neutron fluxes has been performed along streaming paths at remote locations of the JET torus hall

Low statistical uncertainty of calculations, C/E values below factor of 3 for TLDs and below a factor of 8 for Activation detectors at all positions

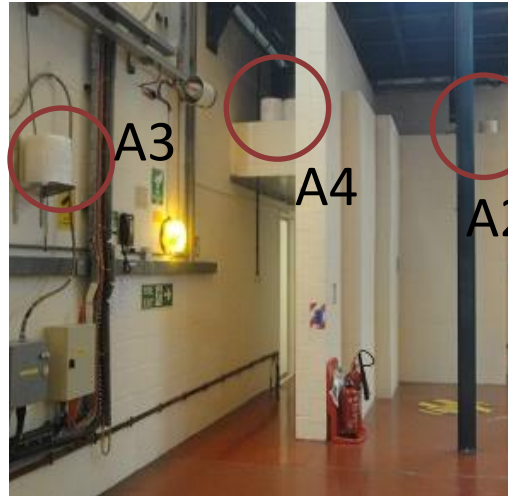


THANK YOU

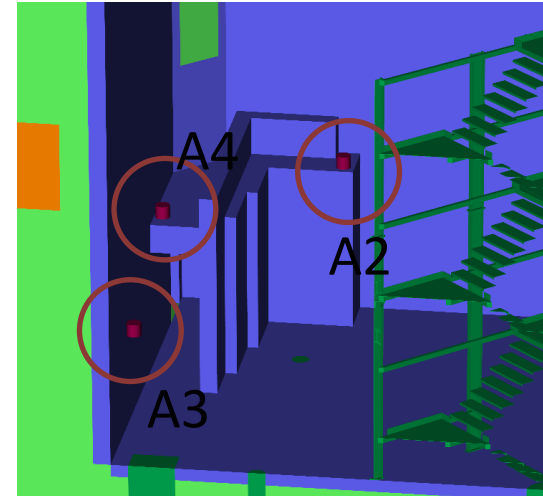




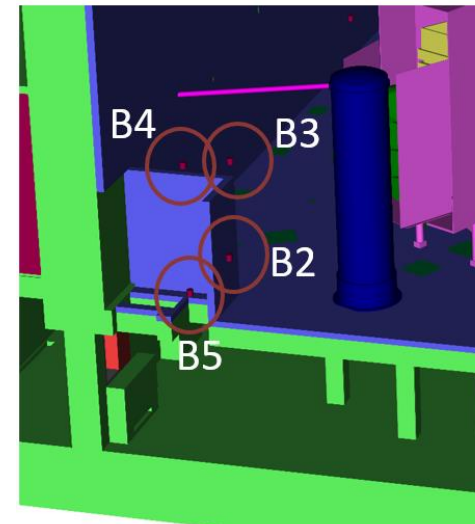
Detector locations



Location of detectors



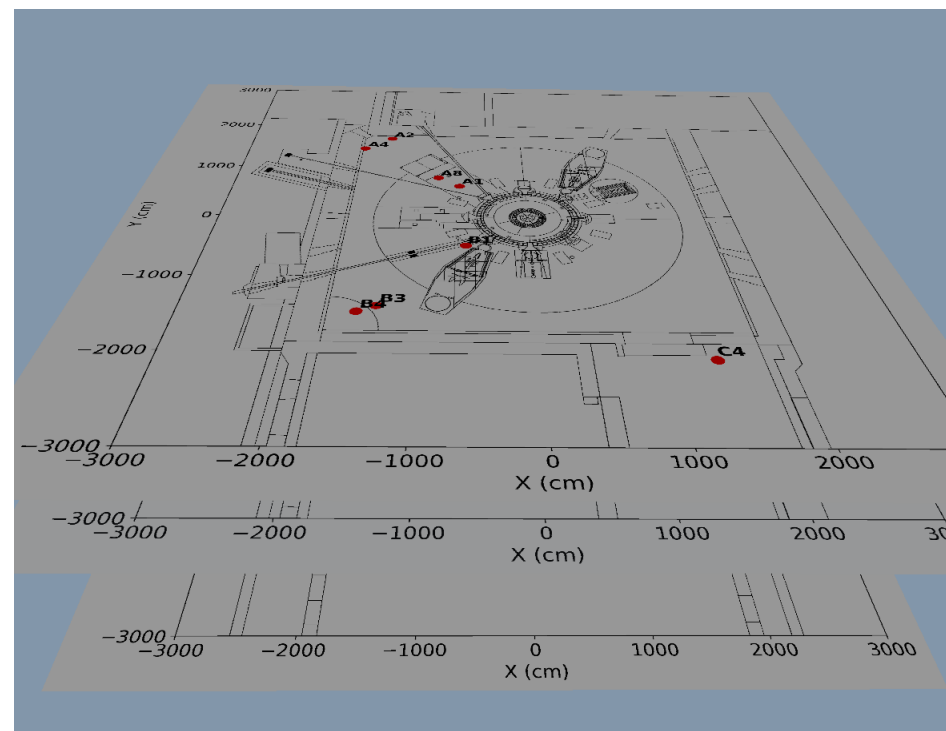
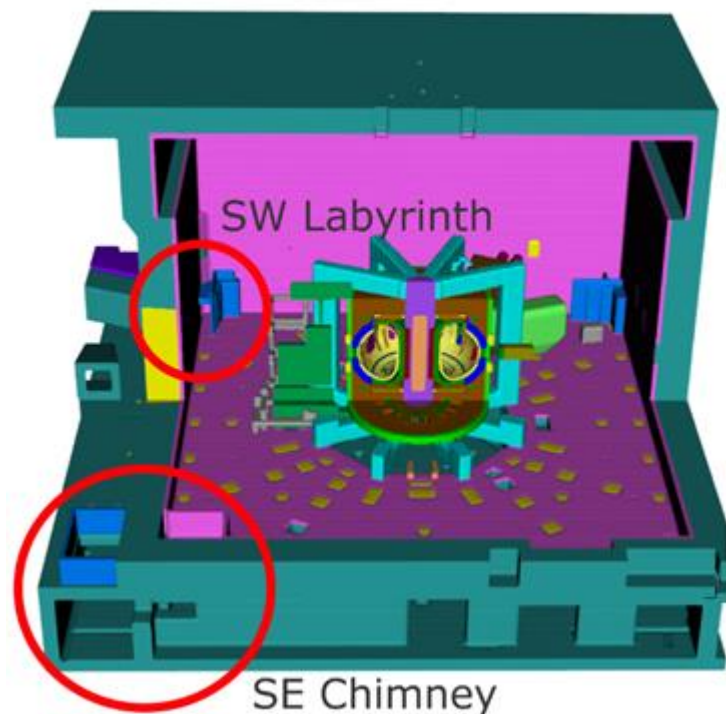
MCNP models



Detector locations



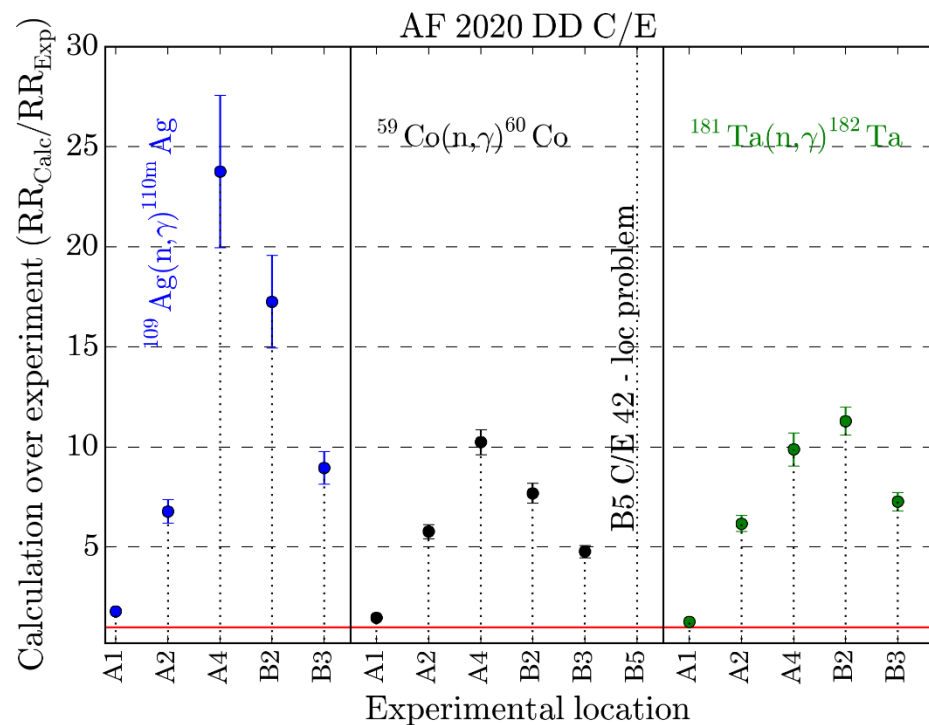
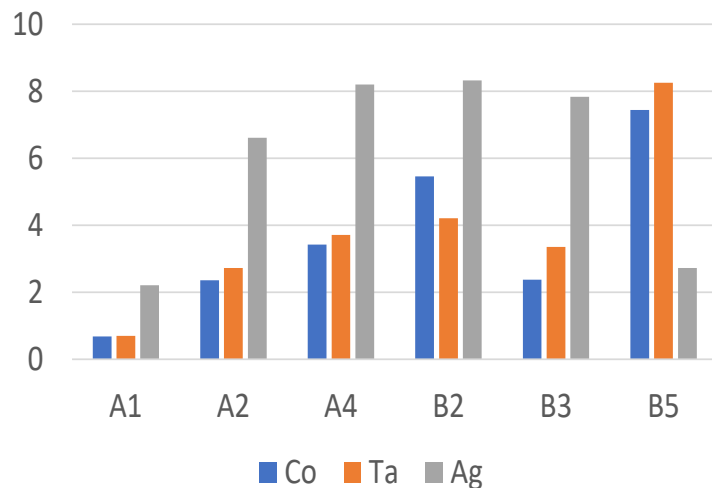
- Experiments at JET for validating the neutronics codes and tools used for nuclear analyses to predict quantities such as the neutron flux along streaming paths.
- Several positions chosen for detectors
 - Outside the torus
 - Along streaming paths





AFs

Position	C/E values		
	Co	Ta	Ag
A1	0.7	0.7	2.2
A2	2.4	2.7	6.6
A4	3.4	3.7	8.2
B2	5.5	4.2	8.3
B3	2.4	3.4	7.8
B5	7.4	8.3	2.7



Comparison to NEXP results – DD, 2020
(Bor Kos)

Analyses of neutron paths

